

## Poster Presentation

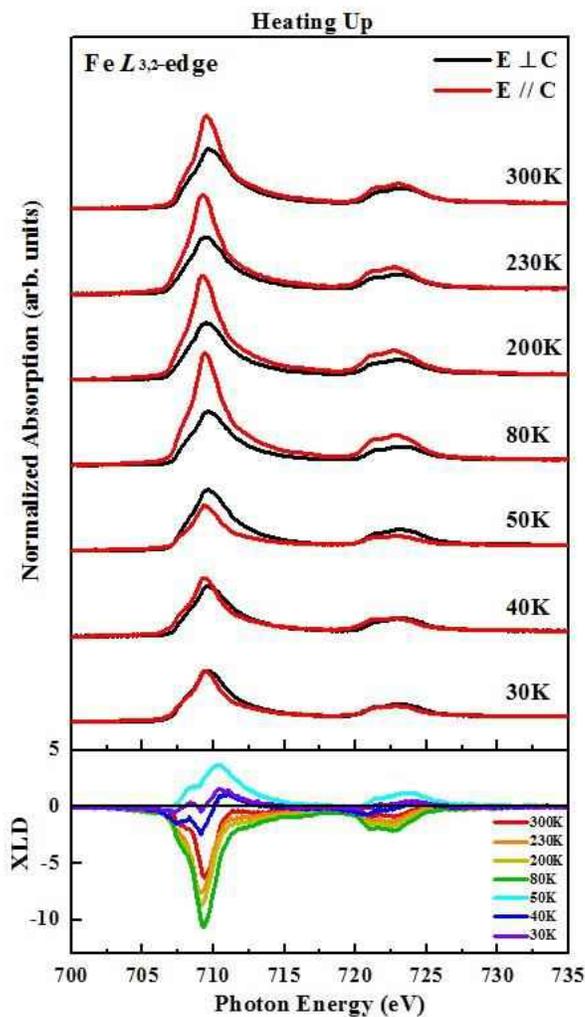
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### X-ray Absorption Spectroscopic studies of Single Crystal SrFeO<sub>3-δ</sub>

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We have prepared a high quality single crystal of SrFeO<sub>3-δ</sub> ( $\delta \sim 0.14$ ) by the floating-zone method to study the electronic and atomic structures using temperature-dependent x-ray absorption near-edge structure (XANES), x-ray linear dichroism (XLD), and extended x-ray absorption fine structure (EXAFS) at the O K-edge, Fe L<sub>3,2</sub>- and K-edge. Resistivity measurements indicate that the SrFeO<sub>2.86</sub> shows an anisotropic behavior, and thermal hysteresis behavior between 70 K and 40 K. The temperature dependent Fe K-edge EXAFS studies shows that the Fe-O bond length changes in ab-plane below transition temperature. The XLD results illustrate that as temperature is reduced from room temperature to below the transition temperature, the preferential occupancy of Fe majority-spin eg orbitals changes from the 3d<sub>3z<sup>2</sup>-r<sup>2</sup></sub> to 3d<sub>x<sup>2</sup>-y<sup>2</sup></sub>, but restore to 3d<sub>x<sup>2</sup>-y<sup>2</sup></sub> after thermal hysteresis. Experimental findings suggest that the charge transfer during thermal hysteresis is induced by lattice distortions of the FeO<sub>6</sub> octahedra in SrFeO<sub>2.86</sub>.



**Keywords:** Single Crystal SrFeO<sub>3-δ</sub>, EXAFS, XANES, XLD